EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK | DIXON, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 9, 1888. | NUMBER 1274

S. G. AUSTIN & CO.

ODDS AND ENDS.

25 DOZEN

Misses' and Childrens' Woolen Hose. Parts of a large number of different lines, in which the assortment of sizes or colors is broken, all at

25 Cents per Pair.

These goods are worth from 50 to 75 cts per pair. A word to the wise is sufficient.

S. G. AUSTIN & CO.

—George Dee has just returned from Deadwood, Dakota, and other places in the west.

—The City Council should look after the hydrants this cold weather. Frozen pipes are of no account.

—Wm. Graves, of Franklin, and E. Gooch, of Ashton, were in the city today and made this office a pleasant call.

—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed T. Smith died yesterday and was buried to-day. The parents have the sympathy of their many friends.

—The committee on decorations for the Farmers' Institute have been faithfully at work as the elegant appearance of the Opera House clearly shows. The stage is beautifully decorated.

—W. B Ross, a former Lee county boy, is here with his wife, formerly Miss Levan, on a visit with South Dixon friends. He now resides at Southerland, O'Brien county, Iowa, and has a fine farm there. We are pleased to note that he is prospering.

—The following officers of the Monitor Hook and Ladder company for the year 1888 were elected Tuesday evening: Foreman, Carlton M. Cropsey; First Assistant, Pat C. Coffey; Second Assistant, Jonas Hanna; Secretary, Jos. Petersberger; Treasurer, Jacob B. Derr; Janitor, John Kaiser.

—The many friends of the Rev. Father Hodnett will be pleased to read the announcement in this paper that he is to lecture here on the evening of the 22nd instant; Washington's birthday. Father Hodnett should, and will we have no doubt, be greeted with a full house on this occasion.

—The leading features of the program of the Farmers' Institute for this evening are a poem by Miss Jessie Hubbard; Home on the Farm, a paper by Mrs. Ellwood Hughes; Education of Farm Boys, by Professor Neighbour; Hygiene of the Farm, by Doctor Hunt; music by Miss Reuf, Arthur Heft, Ladies Quartette and others.

—When Judge Baker adjourned our Lee county circuit court, last January term, there was some business to be finished up and therefore the term was not closed but certain cases were to be tried by Judge Brown, who was to come here from Rockford to morrow and finish up the docket. An attorney interested informs us that he has received a letter from Judge Brown who states that he is worn out with work that he is unable to try the case and therefore will not be here to-morrow as promised. Therefore we may consider the January term of the circuit court finally closed.

—People up in Ogle county did not know that whisky could be made out of wood. They knew, of course, that a load of wood could be brought to Dixon and traded off for whisky, but it was not supposed that a citizen up on Pine Creek could have a load of wood ground up, crushed and actually made into whisky; but they will all know it after reading THE TELEGRAPH of the last week and they will also know just what miserable stuff it is notwithstanding all the imaginary fun they have had out of it. We do not know of a better temperance lecture than the accounts that this paper has given of the last Pine Creek drunk should be not only to the people up there who drank alcohol, but to every man who thinks he must have his nip.

For the DIXON TELEGRAPH.

THAT SLEIGH RIDE.

Ten Little Ladies.

BY A. LAKE.

Ten little ladies pretty and gay,
Packed themselves inside a sleigh,
Whipped the horses and drove away,
Sweet little ladies!

O! it was a glorious night,
For the moon was shining bright,
Bathing in its spotless white
Ten little ladies!

Then the horn gave forth its sound,
And re-echoed far around;
As there rattled o'er the ground
Ten little ladies!

Ten little men that did not know—
Said one lady "shall they go?"
All the others answered "no!"
Bad little ladies!

Ten little men felt very sad,
Ten little men were very mad,
Ten little men a meeting had,
Ten little men!

Ten little men without any fail
Wrote THE TELEGRAPH their tale;
Thought they'd make the ladies quail,
Wise little men!

Ten little ladies read the news,
Ten little ladies had the blues,
Ten little ladies cried "boo hoos"
Poor little ladies!

Then they to the paper wrote
Such, oh! such a killing note
But from which I will not quote,
Smart little ladies!

Ten little ladies had their say,
Ten little ladies won the day,
Ten young fellows went their way,
Sadder, wiser men.

—The Illinois Central will sell round trip tickets to the meeting of the State encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Springfied on the 13, 14 and 15th instants at three dollars and forty-five cents, good until the 23rd.

—The Farmers' Institute, notwithstanding the cold weather, opened at the Opera House according to the program and we noticed the following persons present from abroad: Samuel Dysart, President State Agricultural Society; Charles Mills, of Springfield, secretary of State Society; Simon Elliot, Princeton, Vice President; O. B. Read, S. A. Forbes, Champaign; J. Periam, Chicago; E. B. Warner, Morrison. The Rev. E. C. Sickels opened the session with prayer and Mayor Warner delivered the address of welcome, which was responded to by an address by Samuel Dysart,

Prof. S. A. Forbes, State entomologist, will read a paper to-morrow at ten o'clock on Insects Injurious to Corn; to be followed by papers from Wm. McMurtrie, Professor Chemistry, Illinois University; and E. E. Chester, of Champaign. In the afternoon E. C. Lewis, of LaSalle county, will read a paper on Highways. L. D. Whiting and Dr. Loomis will follow with interesting papers.

—Say, Brother Cobb, what is the matter of editor Kiner, of the Henry County News? Here is the way he talks about our canal: "For many years there has been a great rivalry between Sterling and Dixon. The papers growl away at each other from year's end to year's end. The word Sterling gives a Dixon man a bad taste in the mouth; and as to Dixon, when a Sterling man mentions that abominable town, he invariably spits to clean his mouth. A year ago or such a matter the subject of a canal from Dixon to Sterling was broached. Rock river was too apt to wane and dwindle, to be depended upon for navigation. Here at last was a work upon which the two towns might be expected to meet in fraternal guise. Every thing pointed that way, when a Sterling editor kicked the fat of amicability into the old fires of animosity by coming out with two yards of long prime leaded editorial, in which he pledged himself and his paper to stand by the cause of building a canal from Sterling to Dixon; but as to the project of building a canal from Dixon to Sterling, by the gods of Olympus and the graves of his ancestors, he would combat it till he falls as fell great Hector on the fields of Troy."

—Neighbour Morris, of the Rochelle Herald, is running wild over Lee county politics. True, he has some rights as he lives near the county line and has subscribers in our bailiwick, but nevertheless he should not run riot over so small a matter. Here is the way this Rochelle editor takes on about an election(the judicial election) which he confesses the editors of Ogle have "placed in the hands of their attorneys;" or words to that effect

"Bro. Shaw, of the DIXON TELEGRAPH, is rushing wild all about the head of canal boat navigation with a "brick in his hat" trying to find an Ogle county editor to hurl it at, all because we have got in our candidate, James H. Carwright, about three counties ahead of Lee, in the race for Circuit Judgeship." * * * "He (editor TELEGRAPH) is all broken up over a little item of Neff's, in which Neff said 'he thought there could be a man found competent to fill the office of circuit judge without going down into Lee county after him,' or words to that effect, and for this Neff gets Jessie, and after accomplishing this feat he increases in courage and jumps on to the entire editorial force of Ogle county, because we happened to prefer a modest and unassuming attorney of this county, to the Railroad Attorney, that he had fixed up for us to support for Circuit Judge; then he let's up for breath and when he takes hold again it is to see how much of a racket he can give our Bro. Cobb, of Sterling, for saying 'he went to the skating rink to see the boys skate, not the girls.' (this we think looks a little gauzy) then his eye strikes an item written by Charley Royce, on shooting of the Driscoll's and then takes Dr. Roe, and wipes Charley all about his office floor. What next?"

Now, Brother Morris, we hope you are "satisfied!" Bless your heart we had no idea that we had accomplished that amount of trouble this year. We must have "builded better than we knew" in our "sad sincerity."

From Sublette.

There is to be a double wedding in the Catholic church to-day. John Stephanitsch and Miss Hattie Lauer; Jacob Becker and Miss Mary Augstaldter

Deloss Stanard and Mrs. Andrews, of Dixon, are in town.

Mrs. Charles Baxendale, of Hennepin, is here; called by the sickness and death of her sister, Mrs. Stanard.

Mr. and Mrs. Bailey, the latter a sister of Mrs. Purdy, their son and his bride, are visiting relatives and friends here and at Amboy.

Charles Rex has gone to Ohio to visit his mother.

The sad death of Mrs. Ochart Stanard, which occurred last Friday from uræmic poisoning, caused by partial paralysis of the bladder, is a very sad affair, as she leaves a helpless husband and three quite small children who need her aid and care. As the writer is severely blamed for not calling "a doctor" sooner, I will say that if certain ones who were so liberal with their advice to "get another doctor," had provided a good nurse, the result would probably have been recovery. Her fifteen years old daughter did her best, but between the housework, the care of three children and the care of mother, something had to be neglected.

J B B

From Prairieville.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Fischer, of Prairieville, are liable to be caught napping sometimes as well as the rest of us poor mortals. Mrs. W. T. Tuttle and Mrs. Stuart Wilson put their heads together and got up a leap year surprise party on Mr. Fischer. They managed the thing from beginning to end; went round and invited the ladies and picked out a man for each until they got fifteen couples, and with their rosy cheeks, good nature, and baskets of the best provisions that grow, they tapped gently at Herman's door. He raised his eyes from the page of Shakespeare he was poring over and no doubt thought Puck and his fairies had made him a call. When Fred Klosterman appeared dressed up in Mr. Fischer's "cut away" wedding coat, with long white kid gloves, and a stove pipe hat, and other little articles necessary to the make up of a first-class dude, Mr. Fischer realized that he was in the land of Prairieville and not in fairy-land. Fred was very impressible all evening. The ladies all say that one noticeable thing about this gathering was, that the gentlemen were all "spruced" up more than they have been since their wedding day. They had store clothes on, their whiskers were nicely trimmed and brushed, their hair was a la captivating, and each wife admired the pleasant figure her husband cut, going with somebody else's wife. They think leap year brings renewal of by-gone days.—*Sterling Standard.*

GEORGE DEE,
DIXON, Illinois.

DEAR SIR:—You didn't lie a particle in what you said about your *Lye*, but you didn't tell the *whole truth* about it; for it proves better than you represented. Compared to any other we know of it is as diamonds compared with silver. We do not want any other hereafter if you maintain its present standard.

Respectfully,
EXCELSIOR M'F'G CO.,
1274 952t1 St. Louis, Mo.

Sweet Scented Soap.

JUST JUDGES CLAIM THAT HEALTH, HAPPINESS AND BEAUTY, ARE GREATLY ENHANCED BY THE PROPER USE OF PURE TOILET SOAPS, COLOGNES, BAY RUM, FLORIDA CREAM, TOILET WATERS AND TOOTH POWDER, WHICH CAUSE CHEERFUL, CLEANLINESS and A CHARMING CLEAR COMPLEXION. WE HAVE A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF THESE ADMIRABLE ARTICLES. USE TILLSON & HAYDEN'S SARSAPARILLA FOR THE BLOOD

TILLSON & HAYDEN.
PRESCRIPTION PHARMACISTS.

J. J. Mittenbuhler and E. T. Bowlby, corner Peoria and Eighth streets, are selling the Hallet & Davis, Emerson, DeRoy Bowlby and Kimball Pianos and Organs, for cash; or easy monthly payments. Old instruments taken in exchange. Pianos to rent; Pianos tuned and repaired by E. T. Bowlby, Dixon, Ill. 946 1245tf

Twenty-five dollars buys a good suit at ED CAHILL'S. 1272w1

The Riverside Shoe Co. will have their last visiting day, for several months, on next Saturday, the eleventh. m w f.

One thousand different samples of woolens to select from at ED CAHILL'S. 1272w1

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents Sold by Tillson & Hayden. n1

PAPERING AND PAINTING.

Charles McBride is now prepared to do all kinds of carriage painting, papering, painting and decorating in good style and on short notice. 1000tf

The United States Accident Company, of the city of New York, pays twenty-five dollars a week for accident and five thousand dollars insurance on life for only thirteen dollars a year. Total losses paid since January 1, 1887, $277,139.62.
1246tf J. J. MITTENBUHLER, Agent.

MANY of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents by Tillson & Hayden. n1

COAL.

The celebrated "Hocking" Soft Coal, also Best Third Vein, for sale at Pitcher's 1159tf

A. F. ROBINSON sells Boots and Shoes.

CUTTERS AND HARNESS

The largest stock and lowest prices at L. D. PITCHERS.

WANTED.

Two dining-room girls at once; apply at the NACHUSA HOUSE.

FOR RENT.

HOUSE.—Desirable residence near court house square.
1268t6 S. H. BETHEA.

SAVE MONEY.

You can save money by buying Real Estate from John M. Julien. Don't wait for the big boom. Buy now, while town lots are selling cheap. JOHN M. JULIEN 968tf

MACHINE SHOP,

H. S. DEY, Proprietor,

All kinds of Machinery Repaired on short notice; Steam Engines a specialty. Also agent for the American Steam Injecter, the Best Boiler Feed in the market.

H. S. DEY.

Enquire at the EVENING TELEGRAPH Office.

Announcement.

At the solicitation of my many friends I announce myself as a candidate for Collector at the coming spring election.
JULIUS MEYER.

WILLIAM REILLY wishes to announce himself as a candidate for Collector at the coming spring township election, and would be glad of the support of his neighbors.

C. M. CROPSEY, (the city truckman) desires to say to the people that he will be a candidate for Collector at the next township election, and would be thankful for the support of his friends.

WILLIAM GEPHART respectfully announces himself as a candidate for the office of Collector at the coming spring election, and would be thankful for the support of his many friends.

D. J. SNYDER wishes to announce to his many friends of Dixon that he will be a candidate for Collector at the coming spring election, and would be thankful for the support of friends.

As Candidate for office of Collector at the coming spring election I respectfully ask the support of the citizens. L. T. MERRIAM.

THE

Dixon Milling Co.

Are now selling

FLOUR

At Wholesale and Retail!

Prices never lower, and the quality was never

EXCELLED.

EVERYTHING GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED

OR: MONEY. REFUNDED.

CUTLERY!

—THE—

Largest Assortment

—IN THE—

C:I:T:Y.

Prices Lowest.

D. S. HORTON,
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST.

TELEPHONE NO. 15.

39 OVERCOATS!

Still to sell at CHARLEY'S. Prices Lower than ever. With each $1.00 worth of goods purchased one chance will be given to draw a Buggy made by John L. Lord. Big drive in Gloves and Mitts. Leave your order for White Shirts; 4 custom Shirts for $5. Remember at CHARLEY'S Hat Store, Dixon.

Piano, Organs
AND
SEWING MACHINES

Largest Stock, Best Goods, Best Terms and Lowest Prices in Northern Illinois.

I MEAN WHAT I SAY!

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

Send For Catalogues.

R. A. RODESCH
RODESCH'S MUSIC HALL, NO. 4 OPERA BLK

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

We are now receiving the largest and most select stock of Wall Paper, Borders, Centers, Flock Window Shades and Fixtures ever before offered in this market. You will find our prices very low. We will take pleasure in showing you these goods. Come and see us.

TRUMAN & CO.
(NO. 3 OPERA BLOCK.)
Successor to T. J. HYDE & CO.

A MILLIONAIRE'S FATE.

SHOT DOWN IN HIS OWN HOUSE BY DESPERATE BURGLARS.

Chicago Stirred Up Over a Startling Crime—A. J. Snell, a Wealthy Citizen, Wakes from Sleep to Die by Bullets—One Suspect in Custody with a Villainous "Kit" of Tools—Account of the Crime and a Sketch of the Victim.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—The city was startled Wednesday morning by the report that A. J. Snell, a well known resident for many years, and a millionaire, had been murdered in his house on Washington boulevard by burglars, who had broken into his house. The crime was committed about 2 o'clock in the morning, but was not discovered until 6 a. m., when the coachman went to the house to build the fires. The reason of this was the unreasoning fear of the only other occupants of the place besides Mr. Snell—two or three young women, who, although they heard the shots and could get no answer to their calls for Mr. Snell, went back to bed instead of giving the alarm.

The burglars had entered the house at the rear of the basement and robbed an unlocked safe in the dining room of unknown valuables, supposed to have been a few United States bonds, and from thence had ascended to the main floor and finding the parlor doors locked proceeded to open them by force, and here the fatal shooting took place.

Mr. Snell slept alone in a room directly over the middle parlor. Quietly as the burglars had worked, they had aroused the aged but rugged millionaire. He rose from bed, seized his revolver, and stole stealthily down the main staircase, at the bottom of which he no doubt heard the thieves at their work. He was in his night robes. The white figure had gone but half way down the stairs when the parlor doors were closed by one of the men inside the room. The noise startled the old man. He leveled his revolver at the panels of the doors and fired. The bullet passed through the center of one of the doors, about five feet from the floor, and crossing the parlor, pierced a white silken banner upon which a cluster of flowers had been painted, and struck the wall just above the marble fire place. It then fell upon the floor. Mr. Snell, fired again, but no trace of this bullet can be found. With an armed man standing at the doors through which they entered the room the burglars became desperate. One of them discharged his weapon, and the bullet, a heavy one, showing great explosive power behind it, pierced a panel in the door and lodged in the wall just above the banister post, where it now remains. The three holes in the door tell the story of the blind duel. There was nothing about the figure, lying in the middle of the richly tapestried corridor, with his gray hair matted in blood and his right hand clinched about the handle of a revolver, to give the helmeted officers any positive idea as to how the millionaire made his last stand for his life and his property. It is thought, however, that the instant the burglars fired through the panel they opened the doors and with the barrels of their revolvers and a flood of light from their lantern leveled at the head of the bewildered old man, shot him before he could utter a [illegible]. Their bloody work finished [illegible] assassins slipped out of a side door [illegible] and disappeared.

The work was done by skillful burglars, as the tools they left in their flight testify. They are of the best make and the work of opening the back door indicates the accomplished cracksman. As soon as the police were notified the whole force was put on the qui vive, but the fact that four hours had elapsed since the murder made it difficult to find clews that were sufficiently encouraging to give much hope of results. One capture was made, however, which is interesting even if the culprit had nothing to do with the crime. A couple of officers saw a suspicious character lounging about the postoffice late in the evening with a bundle under his arm. He said he had washing in the bundle, but an examination showed this to be false and upon opening it the following crook's arsenal was developed.

Six dark lanterns, six chilled augers, one chilled extension bit, six 8-ounce slung shots, six steel knuckles, two ounces of dynamite, two ounces of giant powder, three dirk knives, three muffled alarm whistles, six 42-caliber Colt's navy revolvers, four steel jimmies, six boxes of lucifer fuse, four mail-pouch keys (United States regulation), a bunch of skeleton keys—forty-two different varieties, one diamond glass-cutter.

The chilled extension bit found in the kit fitted without deviation the holes drilled in the safe in Mr. Snell's residence. It was a new one, the end of which evidenced unmistakably that it had been used within forty-eight hours. In its thread clung portions of black granite enamelling, such as a bit would first come into contact with on entering the door of a safe. While the surface of these particles were black and highly polished, the obvesre sides showed corroded iron.

He said his name was C. V. W. Benedict and that he lived in Marshalltown, Iowa. He belonged to an organized gang of robbers composed of four men, himself inclusive. The three others' names are Frank McCord, aged 18 years, of Marshalltown, and son of the sheriff of that city; George Dunn, aged 17, of Marshalltown, and Thad, alias "Plug" Hall, aged 21 years, also of Marshalltown. The four men had been working the country lying north and west of the Yellowstone and Missouri rivers for the past eighteen months. Their tools had become useless and he had been delegated to purchase a new outfit in Chicago. For this purpose he came to the city Saturday last. He had consummated the purchase of the kit on Monday and was on his way to the train when arrested. He was locked up.

The post mortem examination showed that Mr. Snell had a bullet in his heart and another in his brain. He was a self-made man. His birth place was near Fort Plains, N. Y., and he was a little over 62 years old. He married Henrietta Sudam, of Newport, Ky., some time after coming west, and leaves four children and his wife. Mrs. Snell was not in the city when the tragedy occurred, but was telegraphed for. The dead man had traveled extensively through Illinois, Wisconsin and Michigan as a salesman of liquors for Albert Crosby, distiller; he had kept hotel, and tried his luck at various businesses. He got his start, however, as contractor for ties, timber and fuel on the Chicago & Northwestern railway, after settling in Jefferson, this county. He then purchased a toll-road in Jefferson, and made money, investing it in city lots, which he improved or sold as opportunity offered and in this way became very wealthy. He was a genial man with many friends, and a great lover of his home. His estate is estimated at $5,000,000.

Want it Exterminated.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 9.—The Temperance alliance passed resolutions Wednesday declaring its purposes to keep up the fight until the traffic in liquors is exterminated and demanding further legislation to prevent druggists from evading the anti-liquor law.

THE WRECKED METROPOLITAN.

Depositors to Get 100 Cents on the Dollar—Decamp's Bond.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 9.—The sensation in Metropolitan bank affairs Wednesday was the surrender by his bondsmen at noon of John. R. Decamp, the vice president of the wrecked concern. Messrs. John Carlisle and Albert Netter were his sureties, and the person for their action could not be ascertained, but it is evident that it was not of a serious nature, for about 3:30 p. m. Mr. Netter reconsidered his action, and with W. F. Decamp, Henry C. Gilmour and Richard Smith again signed the $20,000 bond, and Mr. John R. Decamp was once more set at liberty by the United States marshal. The accused had not, however, been subjected to the indignity of bolts and bars, but in company with a deputy had made visits to city friends until the new bondsmen had been secured.



PRESIDENT MEANS.

The books of the Metropolitan, except as to the operations of the directors, do not disclose any irregularities of importance. Small depositors who came in during the day to present their checks were informed that they will receive 100 cents on the dollar, and were instructed not to dispose of their claims for less.



JOHN R. DECAMP.

Inquiring at Dun's Mercantile agency as to what effect the failure of the Metropolitan had on the city, the reply was: "None at all. Depositors had been warned by newspapers, and the run was long and steady. We have the assurance from the best authority that the depositors who failed to get their money out before the suspension will be paid in full. The stockholders will bear all the loss. How much, will depend on the value of the paper in hand."

THE CABLE-CAR AGAIN.

A Broken Grip Sends Three Men Probably to Eternity.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 9.—The grip broke about 8:30 o'clock Wednesday night as a cable train was ascending the incline from the Union depot. The car dashed down the grade, and collided with a stationary train. Both trains were crowded. The following were injured: Al Sharp, probably fatally; Woods Russell, fatally; H. F. Gude, a leg broken and probably fatally crushed; Brakeman Boffman, arm broken; T. A. Carter, Marion, Ka., ankle sprained, and bone in little finger broken; T. H. Hill, side of head bruised; George B. Peters, side of head bruised; Peter Strewberg, traveling man, ankle sprained; J. D. Peters, Emporia, right elbow broken, skin contusion, and internal injuries; F. H. Tuttle, left leg broken.

Still After Those Railways.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 9.—A bill was introduced in the house Wednesday by the railways committee establishing maximum rates of freight on all railways in the state. A board of three commissioners elected by the people is provided for to enforce the law, and the basis of rates is the Illinois commissioners' tariff. It has a good chance of passing the house, but will meet with strong opposition in the senate. The senate passed Dungan's bill relating to negotiable notes, providing that when it is shown that they were obtained by fraud the purchaser shall not be entitled to recover more than the sum paid therefore, with interest and costs. Petitions against 2-cent fares are coming in by the dozen. Nearly 700 bills have thus far been introduced in both houses.

B. & O. Stock Below Par.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 9.—The monthly meeting of the board of directors of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company, was held Wednesday. A working contract between the railroad company and the Western Union telegraph company was approved. B. & O. stock has at last fallen below par. It took a tumble Wednesday from $100 to $95 a share, sixty shares being sold at the latter price. A still lower price for the stock is looked for on South street.

But She Did Cause the Death.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—May Wilson, the 11-year-old inmate of the hospital for ruptured and crippled children, who confessed to having set fire to that institution on several occasions, was acquitted by the coroner's jury Wednesday of having caused the death of Mary Donnelly, the unfortunate cook of the hospital, who was suffocated on the evening of Jan. 29, during the progress of a fire ignited by the girl Wilson.

Tea and Coffee in Trouble.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—E. A. Scheyer & Co., importers of teas and coffees, 89 Front street, and at Chicago, have gone into the hands of a receiver, Robert Y. Hebden, of Chicago. The liabilities are reported to be $300,000. Most of the firm's trade was done at Chicago.

POLITICS IN BRITAIN.

GLADSTONE GETS HOME AGAIN BRIMFULL OF FIGHT.

Alleged Intentions of the Tories in Parliament—Synopsis of the Queen's Speech—Unfavorable News from San Remo—The Use of the Rifle Imminent—Miscellaneous Facts from the Old World.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Gladstone arrived at Folkestone Wednesday, and here later in the day. He was enthusiastically received at all places along the route, but spoke only at Shornecliffe, where an address was presented to him. He said that neither in Europe nor America could be seen such a painful spectacle as is observable in England, that of one nation holding down another by force. Russia, he declared, would be ashamed to say of Finland what Englishmen seem not to be ashamed to say of Ireland, namely, that 32,000,000 of people were afraid of 5,000,000. Southern England alone, he asserted, created the majority in parliament against home rule and in a greater measure than in any other portion of the kingdom was southern England responsible for the state of affairs in Ireland.

The train conveying Gladstone did not stop during the remainder of the journey. The ex-premier was greeted enthusiastically upon his arrival at the Charing Cross station by thousands of people.

Parnell will personally preside at the meeting of Nationalist members to be held in the parliament buildings. The proceedings of the meeting will doubtless be of a character not contemplated by the home rule leader, since it is asserted, and apparently on good authority, that the government will introduce a motion, before moving the address in reply to the queen's speech, that no member of the house who has been convicted of an offense under the coercion act be allowed to sake his seat, the basis of the motion being that such conviction disqualifies a member and virtually makes him a felon. If this is done—and if the motion be introduced it will unquestionably be adopted—it will exclude William and P. S. O'Brien, T. D. Sullivan, Sheehy, Hooper, Lane, Blane, Cox, and Edward and Timothy Harrington.

The queen's speech, which was read at the ministerial banquet Wednesday night, congratulates the country on the pacific state of its foreign relations, and announces the government's intention to introduce a bill declaring that public squares and thoroughfares are not suitable places for public meetings and large gatherings. It also states that the government measures to be brought before parliament will include a bread Irish land valuation bill and a bill for the extension of local government in England, and expresses her majesty's satisfaction at the diminution of crime in and the improvement of the social condition of Ireland.

The government party has issued an imperative whip calling attention to the absolute necessity of a full attendance of ministerial members in the house before the address in reply to the queen's speech is moved, in view of the belief that the Parnellites will attempt to raise a question of privilege upon the imprisonment of some of their colleagues.

Lord Clanricade has definitely made up his mind and expressed his intention to evict 1,600 of his Galway tenants.

"Unser Fritz" Going Through a Crisis.

SAN REMO, Feb. 9.—The difficulty which the crown prince has lately experienced in breathing is increasing, and it is reported that the operation of tracheotomy will be resorted to immediately.

Dr. Bergmann has been summoned from Berlin with representations that his immediate presence is necessary. The crown prince's respiration is becoming more difficult hourly.

Enforcing the Crimes Act.

DUBLIN, Feb. 9.—Patrick J. O'Brien, member for north Tipperary, was convicted and sentenced to three months' imprisonment at Kilkenny Wednesday for inciting tenants to refuse to pay their rents. He gave notice of appeal, and was released on bail. S. C. Flynn, member for north Cork, was arrested on a similar charge, and admitted to bail pending trial.

Poles Refusing to Talk German.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—The emperor held a long conversation with the archbishop of Posen Wednesday, on the question of spreading the German language in Poland. Great excitement prevails in Poland over the attempt to enforce its use, the priests flatly refusing to instruct their pupils and followers in German speech.

Lansdowne to Go to India.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 9.—Private dispatches of an authoritative character received here state that Lord Lansdowne, the present governor general of Canada, is to be immediately recalled and appointed viceroy of India. He will be succeeded in Canada by Lord Stanley, of Preston, a younger brother of Early Derby.

Much Heap Big Name.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—A daughter was born to one of the Sioux squaws in Buffalo Bill's camp Wednesday, and was christened Frances Victoria Alexandria, in honor of Mrs. Cleveland, Queen Victoria and the princess of Wales. This is the first instance of the birth of an American Indian child in England.

The Suicide Clause No Good.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Edward F. Hall, a broker, committed suicide in October, 1886. He had a $5,000 insurance policy containing a suicide clause. The company refused payment. In the United States court Wednesday Hall's sister obtained a verdict against the company for the full amount.

The Pope to the Poles.

ROME, Feb. 9.—The pope, receiving a deputation of Polish pilgrims Wednesday, exhorted them to bear the Russian yoke with patience, and promised to strive in their behalf to the end of causing it to be lightened, and ultimately thrown off altogether.

Violent Snow-Storm at Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 9.—A violent snow-storm which prevailed here throughout Tuesday night and Wednesday has compelled the complete suspension of business. Snow fills the streets to the depth of three feet.

The Pope's Advice to Ireland.

ROME, Feb. 9.—The pope has instructed Cardinal Simeoni to advise the Irish bishops, and through them the clergy, to preach respect for the laws. A permanent apostolic legate is to be sent to Ireland.

Another Opening For Sullivan.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Jack Knifton, the "81-tonner," has challenged John L. Sullivan to fight with gloves or bare fists, the battle to take place after the latter's fight with Mitchell.

Bismarck Gets His Soldiers.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—The military bill was read the third time in the reichstag Wednesday and was passed en bloc.

NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS TALKING.

The Subject of Advertising the Topic of Full Discussion.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 9.—The American Newspaper Publishers' association began its second annual session here Wednesday with Col. C. H. Jones, of the Jacksonville, Fla., Times-Union, presiding, in the absence of W. M. Singerly, of The Philadelphia Record.

The business in the afternoon related, outside of the reading of papers on various topics of interest to newspaper managers and publishers, to matters governing the association. One of them was a form of contract pledging the member who signed to absolute secrecy regarding the rating and responsibility of advertisers. George C. Hitt, of The Indianapolis Journal; E. P. Call, of The Boston Herald, and W. H. Brearley, of The Detroit Journal, presented papers in reference to advertising rates. The latter paid particular attention to the evil caused by illegitimate schemes.

In the evening a meeting was held jointly with advertising agents relative to the adoption of a plan whereby the newspapers and the agents themselves could get rid of the many irresponsible parties who seek to place advertising. A plan was presented which is to lead finally to the preparation of a list of agents with whom papers represented in the association will have dealings. All outside of the list are to be tabooed.

GOT THROUGH WITH GRANVILLE.

He Explains Why He Concluded to Tell His Story—Further Testimony.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 9.—Algernon Granville concluded his testimony in the tally-sheet case Wednesday. He testified to a conversation with Montgomery a year after the forgery was committed, in which he told Montgomery that he saw a man writing in his room the Sunday night after the election. Montgomery replied: "Sh-sh-sh; the walls have ears." The conversation took place in Montgomery's room.

Granville explained his new disclosures at this trial on the ground that his conscience troubled him. On his return to Chicago, after the grand jury met, he had asked God to help him, and He had helped him and had been helping him ever since. McSweeny exhausted all his powers of cross-examination on the witness without shaking his testimony in the least.

Joe Breitinger testified that Myers and Cogan were at his house about 2 o'clock Sunday night trying to find Montgomery's house. He testified, further, to conversations with Montgomery, in which the defendant asked him to be quiet about what he knew.

Double Tragedy at Galt, Ontario.

GALT, Ont., Feb. 9.—A terrible murder and suicide occurred here at 10:30 a. m. Wednesday, the victims being Henry Main, a private banker, and a man named John Currie. At 8 o'clock in the morning Currie purchased a 32-caliber revolver and went to Main's office, which he entered, and without a word shot Mr. Main, who was sitting with his back to the door. Currie fired two shots, one piercing Main's head over the right eye, and the other entering the center of the forehead. As soon as Currie did the deed he turned the weapon upon himself, putting a bullet through his head. Death was instantaneous.

Proceedings of the National Builders.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 8.—The National Builders' association, in convention here Wednesday, listened to papers on subjects of interest to the members and then adopted rules for the government of estimates for work. A report on the lien laws was also adopted, in which the precedence of liens was as follows: First, personal labor actually performed on the property subject to lien; labor furnished or labor and material furnished by sub-contractor; labor or material, or both, furnished direct to owner, either by contract or otherwise; material furnished to a direct contractor.

There Is No Rubber Trust.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.—The Hon. E. S. Converse, treasurer of the Boston Rubber Shoe company, said Wednesday apropos of the recently published statements about the formation of a rubber trust: "There has been so much said on this subject that I want to say for the information of business men generally that there will be no rubber trust formed at present. Should there be one formed in the future it will not affect the business of 1888.

The Walking Match Score.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—There are but seventeen walkers left on the Madison Square garden track now. The score Thursday morning at 2 o'clock was: Albert, 348 miles, 4 laps; Panchot, 342-7; Herty, 340-2; Guerro, 334-1; Hart, 317-1; Golden, 300; Moore, 293-4; Strokel, 291-6; Noremac, 280; Dillon, 259-1; Vint, 257; Day, 239; Taylor, 222; Sullivan, 228-7; Collins, 215-3; Tilly, 200; Stout, 156-7.

Destruction of a Malt House.

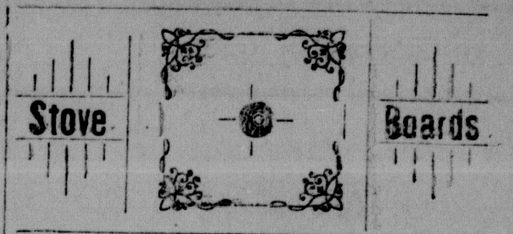
BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Wednesday night at 6:20 o'clock C. G. Curtis' malt house on West Genesee street was destroyed by fire. The loss on the building is about $20,000, and on malt $40,000.

One Good Turn Deserves Another.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 9.—Informations were made Wednesday against several of the non-union negroes employed at Clark's Solar iron works, charging them with participating in riot and shooting at the time Joe Kenny was so seriously injured. At a later hour constables visited the works and placed six of the negroes under arrest. Several informations will be made against the ringleaders of the mob that have been following the colored men.

STOVES!

STOVES FOR COAL AND WOOD, FOR HEATING AND COOKING, STOVE PIPE, ELBOWS, AND COAL SCUTTLES.



Tinware Made by Hand.

Polishing and Setting Up Stoves

will be given special attention. Roofing and Guttering done in Good Shape.

CHAS. ANDRES

M. CAHILL,

The Tailor

And dealer in

WOOLENS.

One door west of the Lee Co. National Bank, Main Street, Dixon, has now on hand and is receiving

As Fine A Line of Goods, Foreign and Home Manufacture

As Can be Found West of Chicago

Which will be disposed

At Reasonable Prices

To Cash, or Prompt Paying Customers.

LOOK, LOOK! LOOK!

Sweet

FIORIDA ORANGES

ONLY

20 cents per Dozen

—AT—

C. C. GODFREY,

Dixon, - - Illinois.

-:-BIG-:-

OVERCOAT SALE!

125 Mens' Overcoats

AT COST:

40 Mens' Overcoats

$5.00 EACH.

Mens' Suits Very Cheap.

A Good -:S:L:E:D:- Given

With every

BOY'S OVERCOAT!

JAS. H. TODD

KIRK'S



FLOATING SOAP

—IS—

THE CHIEF

For the Bath, Toilet and Laundry.

Snow White and Absolutely Pure.

If your dealer does not keep White Cloud Soap, send 10 cents for sample cake to the makers.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

SQUELCHED THE TREATY.

THE SENATE POSTPONES BRITISH EXTRADITION FOR A YEAR.

And Riddleberger May Now Possess His Soul in Peace—A Plea for Prompt Settlement of the Pacific Railways' Status—The Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee—The Lard Question.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 9.—Riddleberger created the daily diversion in the senate Wednesday by his usual attempt to secure the public consideration of the British treaty. After the passage of the bill relieving stock imported for breeding purposes from customs duties had passed, the Virginia senator took the floor and objected to the consideration of any business matter (to which objection could be made) during the time assigned for morning business until he could have action on the resolution offered by him some weeks since to have the British extradition treaty considered in open session. After he had been speaking for ten or fifteen minutes Butler suggested mildly that the senator from Virginia should allow the senate to proceed with its business. The senator from Virginia, however, declined to be interrupted. A few moments later, Harris asked permission to make a suggestion, but Riddleberger replied, jocularly, that he could only do so in executive session. Thereupon, Harris made the point of order that a previous motion by Teller, then pending, was not debatable. The point of order was sustained by the presiding officer, who said that the senator from Virginia was not entitled to proceed further.

The senator made an effort to appeal from the chair, but was directed to take his seat, and Teller withdrew his motion. Riddleberger was vioibly angry at this suppression and later, when Harris moved an executive session and offered to withdraw it provided a vote could be had on Riddleberger's resolution without discussion, the latter declared that he would make no conditions as to the resolution or treaty, and demanded the yeas and nays on the motion to go into executive session. The senate then voted—43 to 9—to proceed to executive business, Riddleberger voting in the affirmative.

A dramatic scene followed. Riddleberger arose as the chair announced the vote and attempted to speak. The chair directed as usual that the "sergeant-at-arms will clear the galleries and close the doors." The senator from Virginia, who has a bronchial affection which renders it difficult for him to make himself audible, pale with excitement said:

"I beg pardon, sir, I arise to move a reconsideration of the vote. [Pause, during which the galleries were being cleared.] Have I not the right, sir, to move a reconsideration? I voted in the affirmative for that purpose. [Further pause.] I have the right, and no sergeant-at-arms can restrain me from ——"

The closing of the doors shut off the further proceedings from the public ear.

It is understood that the senator from Virginia continued his remarks in executive session, but directed them against the substance of the treaty, and that he consumed the time until the senate adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 9.—The senate in secret session Wednesday, after listening to Senator Riddleberger's attack on the British extradition treaty, disposed of the vexed question by postponing further consideration of it until next December.

It is stated that the treaty was postponed by a vote of 28 to 21, and one authority says the treaty provides that "the provisions of the tenth article of said treaty [that of 1842] shall be and are hereby extended so as to apply and comprehend the following additional crimes not mentioned in the said article—namely: 1. manslaughter; 2, burglary; 3, embezzlement or larceny of the value of $50, or £10 and upwards; 4, malicious injury to property, whereby the life of any person shall be endangered, if such injuries constitute a crime according to the terms of both the high contracting parties, or according to the laws of that political division of either country in which the offenses shall have been committed, and of that political division of either country in which the offender shall be arrested. And the provisions of the said article shall have the same effect with respect to the extradition of persons charged with any of the said crimes as if the same had been originally named and specified in the said article."

TWO PROPOSED TREATIES.

The Chinese Treaty To Be Modified—That British Extradition Scheme.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 9.—A United Press reporter has obtained from Belmont, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, an important statement with regard to the Chinese question, and also as to the pending treaty with Great Britain. In reply to the questions of the reporter, Belmont said he felt that he could properly state that negotiations had been pending for some time for an amicable settlement of the Chinese question. They had been suspended during last summer in consequence of the absence of the Chinese minister, but had now been resumed and were reaching completion. He understood, in fact, that a draft of the proposed treaty had been transmitted to the Chinese minister, containing such modifications of existing treaties as would bring about the complete exclusion of that class of emigrants to which the people of the western coast objected. It was only just to the Chinese government to say that there was no disposition on their part to stand in the way of such an agreement, and he believed there was a strong prospect that within a month we would have a treaty which would effectually dispose of the question. It would, of course, be necessary for congress to enact legislation to carry out the purpose of such a treaty, and therefore it was desirable that the bills now pending before the house should not be hastily acted upon. If there should be a failure of negotiation, which did not seem likely, congress would be informed in ample time to pass independent legislation. Belmont further said that any treaty arrangement with China to prevent Chinese immigration would, of course, have to be supplemented by some stringent legislation, and perhaps even by some treaty stipulations with Great Britain to suppress the introduction of Chinese Coolie labor by way of Hong Kong and Vancouver, by which means our present restrictive laws were largely avoided. It was understood there would be no difficulty on this score.

Of the pending treaty with Great Britain, Belmont said that as the matter had been so widely discussed through the papers, he thought it only just to the administration that it should be known that no clause permitting the extradition of a citizen of the United States for any political offense was included in the treaty sent to the senate. If there was any such provision now under consideration it must have been inserted as an amendment in the senate. He repeated emphatically that there was no clause in the treaty as submitted to the senate which surrenders any right which this government has always upheld, nor was there any provision which could be construed as permitting a surrender on account of political offenses.

THE RECORD IN CONGRESS.

Relief for Importers of Breeding Stock—Work in the House.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 9.—The senate Wednesday adopted Frye's resolution asking for information touching the political system of Canada and its geographical relations to the United States. A bill to enable aliens to own mineral lands in this country was considered for a time and then laid aside, and the bill appropriating $1,200,000 for a public building at Kansas City passed, as was the bill for the relief of importers of animals for breeding purposes. It takes the duty off such animals. The Blair educational bill was advocated by Call and an agreement made that the vote on it be taken Feb. 15. The senate then went into executive session and at 4:55 adjourned. Riddleberger made a vigorous attempt to get his British treaty resolution up, but the chair ignored him after ordering him to take his seat.

The house assigned Feb. 29 for eulogies upon the late Representative Moffatt, of Michigan, and passed the bill making bills of lading conclusive evidence that the goods described therein were actually received by the subscribing common carrier. A petition from Indianapolis, Ind., asking an appropriation of $20,000 for a monument to William Henry Harrison was received and referred. The speaker announced Tillman of South Carolina, Stone of Missouri, Chipman of Michigan, Arderson of Kansas, and Parker of New York as the Reading investigating committee, and the house adjourned.

SHOULD BE DONE QUICKLY.

Union Pacific Government Directors on the Commission's Report.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 9.—The report of the government directors of the Union Pacific railroad has been received by the secretary of the interior. After reviewing the work of previous years the report in terms approves of the recent report of the Pacific railroad commission appointed by the president and says:

"It now seems to the government directors that there can no longer be any reasonable doubt as to the interest and duty of the government towards the Union Pacific railroad, and they beg to express the earnest hope that no further delay will occur in passing such a settlement through congress. We cannot too strongly urge the great harm which delay is doing, both to the Union Pacific and to the security of the government debt. Every consideration which we can believe is pertinent to this subject, urges its immediate settlement."

As regards the course recommended by Pattison, the minority of the commission, the government directors "do not hesitate to say we would view its adoption with deep regret. Indeed, if this were the only alternative it would, in our judgment, be better for the government to lose every dollar of its debt and execute a release to the company. To punish and destroy the corporation because some time in the past it may have been despoiled by those who were bound in law and conscience to protect it, does not appear to be a logical method of enforcing justice, nor such a conception of justice as would increase the respect of the people for the law of the land."

"PURE" LARD AND BUTTER.

Developments Before the Senate Committee on Agriculture.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 9.—The lard question had another hearing before the senate agricultural committee Wednesday. The pith of the matter is that certain Boston lard manufacturers are trying to have a tax put on adulterated lard—a Chicago product to a great extent—declaring it a compound of lard, stearine and cotton seed oil. The Chicago men admit the compound, but declare it healthful. The Boston men brought as a witness Professor Sharpless, chemist, who testified that he had analyzed samples of Chicago lard purchased in open market, and found that Armour's "pure family lard" was composed of 60 per cent. of real lard, and the remainder of cotton seed oil and beef fat. Fairbank's lard, similarly marked, was made of the same ingredients with less of the pure lard, while a package marked "Halstead & Co." did not have a particle of lard in it. Sharpless said the healthfulness of cotton-seed oil was a mooted question which medical men must decide.

Mr. Fairbanks, of Chicago, charged that many of the creamery establishments of Illinois and Iowa bought lard of Chicago dealers to mix with their "pure" butter. He said the animus of this effort to tax his lard was in the fact that it was competing with the product of the Boston men at home. He opposed the bill bill because it put a stigma on his product.

Democratic Congressional Campaigners.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 2.—In accordance with a call issued Tuesday night the Democratic house caucus on Wednesday selected the following representatives for the Democratic congressional campaign committee: Alabama, James T. Jones; Arkansas, Thomas C. McRea; California, T. L. Thompson; Connecticut, R. J. Vance; Delaware, J. B. Pennington; Florida, P. H. M. Davidson; Georgia, T. W. Grimes; Illinois, R. W. Townshend; Indiana, Benjamin F. Shively; Iowa, W. I. Hayes; Kentucky, W. T. Taulbee; Louisiana, M. B. Lagan; Maryland, Barnes Compton; Michigan, S. O. Fisher; Mississippi, J. M. Allen; Minnesota, J. L. McDonald; Missouri, James N. Barnes; Nebraska, J. A. McShane; New Hampshire, L. F. McKinney; New Jersey, William. McAdoo; New York, L. S. Bryce; North Carolina, F. H. Simmons; Ohio, Beriah Wilkins; South Carolina, Samuel Dibble; Tennessee, Benton McMillin, Texas, W. H. Martin; Virginia, G. D. Wise; West Virginia, C. E. Hogg; Wisconsin, Thomas R. Hudd; Arizona, M. A. Smith; Montana, J. K. Toole; New Mexico, J. Joseph; Utah, J. T. Caine; Washington territory, C. S. Voorhees.

It is rumored in Democratic circles here that Congressman W. L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, will probably be selected to succeed ex-Senator Barnum as chairman of the National Democratic committee. The committee is to meet here on the 22d of this month to lay the foundation for the Democratic presidential campaign, and it is expected that Scott will then be selected to act as chairman. Scott, it is said, has no personal ambitions to gratify beyond being recognized as one of the leaders of his party.

Broke the Wall Street Connection.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 9.—Speaker Carlisle has signed an order directing the sergeant-at-arms to have removed from the house corridor the telegraph wires which are now used exclusively for the transmission of stock orders to New York stock exchange firms. The wires will be removed at once.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 7.—A statement of internal revenue receipts, prepared by the commissioner of internal revenue, shows that the total receipts for December, 1886, were $10,395,246, while the collections for December, 1887, were $10,580,351.

Trying the Torch, Now.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Feb. 9.—The watchman at Zarbey & Co.'s breaker detected a number of men trying to set fire to the buildings early Wednesday morning. The firebugs escaped. They had piled up shavings soaked with oil, and were just about to start the blaze.

Damaged $75,000 Worth.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 9.—The mammoth clothing store of J. L. Hudson was damaged by fire and water to the amount of $75,000, late Wednesday night.

National Trotting Congress.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—The biennial meeting of the National Trotting congress was held Wednesday afternoon at the Fifth Avenue hotel. Of the 206 tracks in the association 185 were represented, a number by proxy, but about 75 delegates were present. The following officers were elected for the two years: President, P. P. Johnson, Lexington, Ky.; vice presidents, A. Louden Snowden, Philadelphia, and J. McM. Shafter, California.

Failed For Forty Thousand.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 9.—O'Neal & Price manufacturing company, 124 West Second street, dealers in leather belting, made an assignment Wednesday. Liabilities $40,000; assets, probably $25,000.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.

Following were the quotations on the board of trade to-day: Wheat—No. 2 March, opened 75⅝c, closed 75¼c; May, opened 81c, closed 80⅝c; June, opened 81¾c, closed 81⅛c. Corn—No. 2 March, opened 46⅝c, closed 46c; May, opened 51⅛c, closed 50⅝@¾c; June, opened 51c, closed 50⅝c. Oats—No. 2 May, opened 31¾c, closed 31⅛c; June, opened 31¾c, closed 31⅝c. Pork—May, opened $14.50, closed $14.40. Lard—March, opened $7.77½, closed $7.72½.

Live Stock—The Union Stock yards report the following prices: Hogs—Market opened moderately active and firm at yesterday's prices; light grades selling at $5.10@5.40 for poor to choice; heavy mixed packing, $5.25@5.50 for poor to good, and heavy packing and shipping grades, $5.45@5.80.

Produce: Butter—Fancy Elgin creamery, 30@31c per lb; fancy dairy, 23@24c; packing stock, 13@15c. Eggs—Fresh laid, 19@20c per doz; ice-house, 15@16c. Dressed poultry—Chickens, 8½@9c per lb; turkeys, 8@9c; ducks, 9@10c; geese, 8@9c. Potatoes—85@95c per bu; sweet potatoes, $2.50@4.00 per bbl. Apples—Choice, $2.35@2.50 per bbl. Cranberries—Bell and cherry, $9.00 per bbl; Bell and bugle, $9.25.

New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.

Wheat—Quiet; No. 2 red winter March, 89c; do May, 91⅝c. Corn—Quiet; No. 2 mixed cash, 60¾@61¼c; do February, 59c; do March, 59¼c; May, 59¼c. Oats—Steady; No. 1 white state, 41@41½c; No. 2 do, 40½@41c. Rye—Dull and unchanged. Barley—Nominal. Pork—Dull; 1 year old mess, $15.00@15.50. Lard—February, $8.03; March, $8.01.

Live Stock: Cattle—Market dull; finally closed weak; common to good steers, $4.00@5.25; prime, $5.30@5.40; extra do, $5.50@5.60; fancy do, $5.75@5.90; bulls and dry cows, $2.20@3.80. Sheep and lambs—Dull, with a limited trade; sheep, $4.50@6.00; lambs, $5.50@6.87½. Hogs—Alive, $5.45@5.50.

What Am I To Do?

The symptoms of Biliousness are unhappily but too well known. They differ in different individuals to some extent. A Bilious man is seldom a breakfast eater. Too frequently, alas, he has an excellent appetite for liquids but none for solids of a morning. His tongue will hardly bear inspection at any time; if it is not white and furred, it is rough, at all events.

The digestive system is wholly out of order and Diarrhea or Constipation may be a sympton or the two may alternate. There are often Hemorrhoids or even loss of blood. There may be giddiness and often headache and acidity or flatulence in the pit of the stomache. To correct all this if not effect a cure try *Green's August Flower*, it cost but a trifle and thousands attest its efficacy.

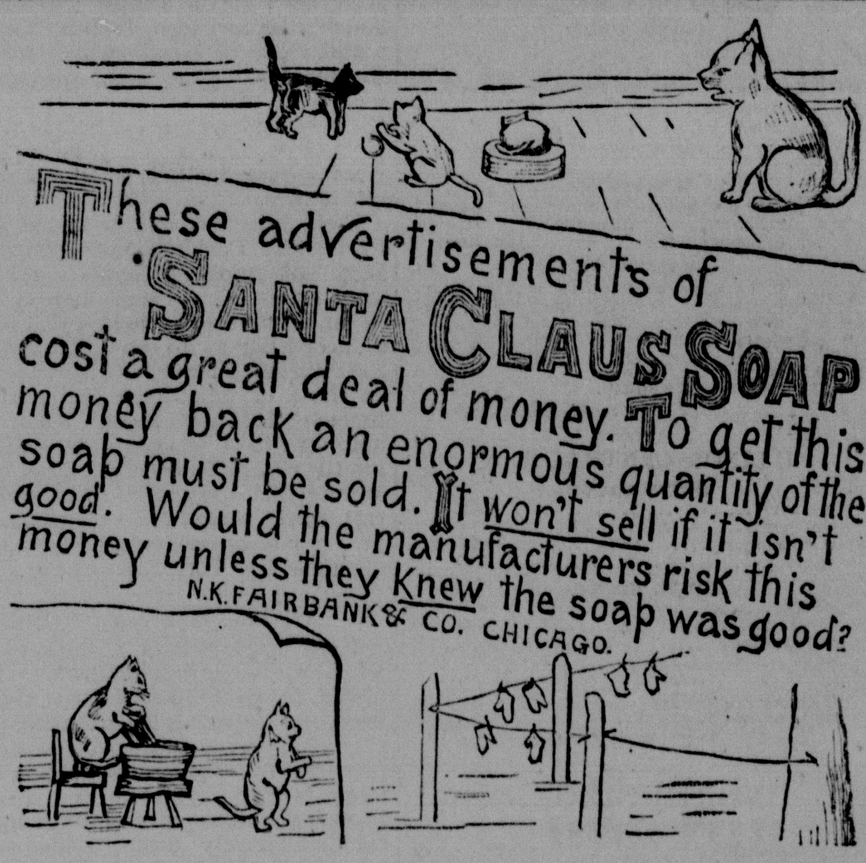
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Consumption, Wasting Diseases

And General Debility. Doctors disagree as to the relative value of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites; the one supplying strength and flesh, the other giving nerve power, and acting as a tonic to the digestive and entire system. But in SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites the two are combined, and the effect is wonderful. Thousands who have derived no permanent benefit from other preparations have been cured by this. Scott's Emulsion is perfectly palatable and is easily digested by those who cannot tolerate plain Cod Liver Oil.

d & w

FOOTE —o— THE DRUGGIST.





Life Size Crayon Portrait WITH 12 Cabinets and 1 Panel, $5
12 Cabinets & 1 Panel, $2
Guaranteed to be as good as the best at any price.
HARTLEY'S STUDIO,
309 West Madison Street, CHICAGO.
Studio in the World. Hours Days Good as Negatives

ADVERTISERS or others, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates or advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

MAN WHO USES COIT'S PAINT NEVER SWEARS

PAINT

By using COIT & CO'S ONE-COAT BUGGY PAINT Paint Friday, run it to Church Sunday. Eight Fashionable Shades: Black, Maroon, Vermilion Blue, Yellow, Olive Lake, Brewster and Wagon Greens. No Varnishing necessary. Dries hard with a "shine." One Coat and job is done.

YOUR BUGGY

Tip top for Chairs, Lawn Seats, Sash, Flower Pots, Baby Carriages, Curtain Poles, Furniture, Front Doors, Store-fronts, Screen Doors, Boats, Mantles, Iron Fences, in fact everything. Just the thing for the ladies to use about the house

FOR ONE DOLLAR

COIT'S HONEST

Are you going to Paint this year? If so, don't buy a paint containing water or benzine when for the same money (or nearly so) you can procure COIT & CO'S PURE PAINT that is warranted to be an HONEST, GENUINE LINSEED-OIL PAINT and free from water and benzine. Demand this brand and take no other. Merchants handling it are our agents and authorized by us in writing, to warrant it to wear 5 YEARS with 3 COATS or 3 YEARS with 2 COATS. Our Shades are the Latest Styles used in the East now becoming so popular in the West, and up with the times Try this brand of HONEST PAINT and you will never regret it. This to the wise is sufficient

HOUSE PAINT

COIT'S FLOOR PAINT Did you ever buy Floor (?) Paint that never dried beyond the sticky point, waste a week, spoil the job, and then swear? Next time call for COIT & CO'S FLOOR PAINT a popular and suitable shades warranted to dry hard as a rock over night. No trouble. No swearing. Try it and [illegible]

CAUTION Be suspicious when substitutes are offered by Dealers, stating that "they are as good" as ours It is not so. Cheap imitations cost less and give more profit but no satisfaction; and life is too short to waste time and money on them. COIT & CO. of CHICAGO, Manufacturers

NICKEL PLATING.

Hardware and Stove Trimmings, Lamps, Gas Fixtures. Harness Trimmings, Revolvers &c Nickel Plated, Polished or Bronzed. Facilities for large work. Polishing and all Kinds of Plating Spinning, Casting &c.

CHICAGO NICKEL WORKS.,
95 Ohio Street, Chicago.

1082eod 914y1

LADIES!

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home, with

PEERLESS DYES

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package—40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package, or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut For sale by W. L. Foote, successor to B. B. Hutchins, Druggist, Dixon, Ill

926 905y

These advertisements of SANTA CLAUS SOAP cost a great deal of money. To get this money back an enormous quantity of the soap must be sold. It won't sell if it isn't good. Would the manufacturers risk this money unless they knew the soap was good?
N.K. FAIRBANK & CO. CHICAGO.

HARD COAL SOFT
AND
WOOD

By handling only the

BEST COAL

As Free From Slate Etc., as Possible and selling as LOW as Anyone, I hope to be favored with your orders, and WILL

Guarantee Satisfaction

ORDERS

Sent through the Post Office or left at C. A. TODD'S or C. J. ROSEBROOK'S will receive prompt attention.

Main Office now at the

WAREHOUSE,

Between Depots,
DIXON, ILL.

Telephone, No 19.

L. D. PITCHER.

J. V. & J. E. THOMAS
Agents for the
LEADING FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT
INSURANCE COMPANIES
Office No. 4, Opera Block,
SECOND FLOOR, . DIXON, ILL.

Evening Telegraph.

Published daily except Sunday.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

No. 6,	Atlantic Express	3:10 A.M.	A
" 8,	Clinton Ex., arrive 6:47, leave 7:02	A.M.	C
" 4,	Denver "	10:52 A.M.	A
" 2,	Marshall'n Ex., ar. 2:05, leave 2:20	P.M.	C
" 8,	Limited Ex.	4:46 A.M.	A

GOING WEST.

No. 5,	Pacific Express	2:06 A.M.	A
" 1,	Marshall'n Ex., ar. 12:25, leave 12:45	P.M.	C
" 3,	Denver Express	8:42 P.M.	A
" 7,	Clinton Ex., arrive 7:42, leave 7:57	P.M.	C
" 7,	Limited Ex.	10:37 P.M.	A

Freight trains are allowed to carry passengers as follows:

EAST BOUND.

No. 46,	7:50 A.M.,	bet'wn Sterling and Turner.	C
" 34,	3:00 P.M.,	" Clinton and M Park.	C
" 18,	9:07 P.M.,	" " " Cortland.	A

WEST BOUND.

No. 35,	6:47 A.M.	bet'wn Rochelle and Clinton.	C
" 17,	9:30 P.M.,	" Cortland " "	C
" 45,	2:05 P.M.,	" Turner and Sterling.	C
" 19,	5:34 P.M.,	" " " "	C

A Daily.
C Daily except Sunday.

H. E. HAND, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger†	11:05	A. M
Passenger†	3:15	"
New Passenger†	5:57	P. M
Freight	6:00	"

GOING NORTH.

Passenger	2:15	P. M
Passenger‡	1:30	A. M
New Paassenger	6:15	"
Freight	6:20	"
Freight	11:05	A. M.

†Daily except Sunday
‡Daily except Monday

W. C. WOOLEY, Agent.

NORTH DIXON.

SOUTH BOUND:

No. 1, Passenger	11:00 A. M.	A
No. 3, Passenger	3:05 "	A
No. 5, Mendota Passenger	5:52 P. M.	A

NORTH BOUND.

No. 4, Passenger	6:20 A. M.	A
No. 2, Passenger	2:22 P. M.	A
No. 6, Passenger	1:35 A. M.	B

A Daily except Sunday.
B Daily except Monday.

C. G. ALBRIGHT, Agt.

CLIFF DWELLERS OF ARIZONA.

A Fine Collection of Relics, Showing Their Life and Habits.

Professor Albert S. Bickmore, the superintendent of the American Museum of Natural History, at Seventy-eighth street and Eighth avenue, the other afternoon showed a reporter an exceedingly interesting collection which was received at the museum within a few days. It is an assortment of over 2,200 distinct specimens illustrating the mode of life (and of death) of the ancient Pueblo Indians. The collection was made and donated to the museum by Dr. Edgar A. Mearns, assistant surgeon in the United States army, now stationed at Fort Verde, A. T. Here he has been for nearly three years, and has occupied himself with searching for and exploring the wonderful cliff dwellings and other ancient remains so common in that region. The collection which he has sent on to the museum is exceedingly fine and interesting. It embraces articles illustrating the art of war as carried on by these aboriginal inhabitants of America, their various domestic manufactures, their manner of hunting and the food upon which they lived.

From the great depth at which the articles were found, the immense lapse of time since these villages were in active operation and teeming with life, may be estimated. Some of the articles were found at depths ranging from two to six feet; in the caves they were covered with dust and guano formed by the millions of bats which inhabit these dreary recesses, while out in the open plain they were covered with volcanic dust and scoria washed down from the neighboring heights. The caves are situated far up (sometimes hundreds of feet) on the sides of the canyons in which all the streams of that region are found. They are probably artificial and were made by the ancient inhabitants as protections against wild beasts and their human enemies.

Among the most interesting specimens in the collection just received are seven large lava or sandstone mortars, called metates by the Indians of the present day. They were and are still used by the modern Mexicans for grinding corn (maize), preparatory to making it into cakes. The method of grinding was exactly similar to that of the common mortar and pestle. But the chief interest attaching to them is their great size, several being one and a half or two feet in length and a foot in thickness; also the unusual depth to which they have been hollowed or scooped out. This depth shows the unremitting toil, energy and patience of this primitive race, who, with but another stone as a tool, gradually hollowed out, by hours and days of labor, a block of stone of the hardest kind to a depth of several inches. Each mortar is accompanied by several pestles, also made of lava, sandstone, and some of greenstone, a variety of lava.

Another exceedingly interesting set of specimens are the axes, of which there is a large number of examples. Among them are a few, which Professor Bickmore states he considers to be probably unique. These are stone battle axes, with a pointed end like an awl, instead of the usual flat edge. In the collection is an assortment of cloth fabrics, and among them is a needle, found in a piece of the cloth. This, unlike our modern needles, although yet very sharp, is of wood being nothing more or less than the sharp, needle like leaf of a member of the pine family of trees. The thread is still in position just as it was left by some aboriginal lady of fashion, long since dead and gone.

Besides these articles already noticed, the collection includes pieces of wicker and basket work, almost as it came from the hand of the maker, specimens of corn grains and cobs, ends, bone awls and pins, stone arrow and spear points, fashioned both from splinters of obsidian (volcanic glass) and from chalcedony hammers, arrow sharpeners, stone knives and many other articles made both from stone and bone, whose uses are sometimes not wholly clear even to the skilled archæologist. Among the various tools there is a small, round piece of wood, which Professor Bickmore explained was evidently intended to produce fire. A soft, pithy stick, being inserted in a hole in the first piece of wood and quickly twirled backward and forward, the rapid motion soon sets it afire.

Besides the corn and seeds the food of the ancient Pueblos is also shown by a large assortment of bones—some whole, some fractured, and some mere splinters. When found they were in such a position and condition as to show that they were the remains of feasts. Other bones, such as those of man, have also sometimes become mixed with them. Some of the animals whose bones can be recognized are the elk, mule deer, antelope, beaver, spermophile and gopher (both species of rat), turtle, snake, turkey, cottontail and jack rabbit, mouse, musquash, and many others.—New York Evening Sun.

Working in a Mustard Mill.

I am employed in a mustard mill, where we daily grind hundreds of bushels of the strongest mustard seeds, then sifting it and preparing it for the trade. We also grind peppers and spices, occasionally preparing cayenne pepper. I work eight to ten hours a day in the fine dust that floats in the atmosphere of the room. You couldn't hardly come inside without sneezing for hours after. Yet I am fat, hearty, and do not know what sickness is. I make good wages and have worked many years at it, but there is one drawback. Wherever the creases in the skin made by the joints, etc., are the mustard and pepper get in, the first acting the same as a mustard plaster and the pepper irritating until sometimes the inflammation and sores are awful.—Philadelphia News.

It Pays to Observe Trifles.

A case of alleged literary piracy which has just been settled in New York hinged on the age of a certain manuscript. The accused man had nothing but his own word to support his side of the case until a close observer discovered that the water mark of the paper on which the article was written was of an old device, and a little research established the fact that the paper bearing the water mark was not made after 1859. This settled the case and the accused man was vindicated, which shows the value of a sharp eye and a close observance of trifles.—Boston Advertiser.

Madoc Discovered America.

"A Description of the Persian Monarchy" and other travels by Th. Herbert, begun in 1616, is the title of a rare book, lately in the possession of A. Wanless, the antiquarian bookseller of Detroit. Herbert was one of the old style of travelers, who coasted round the continent of Africa and felt qualified to tell of the manners and customs of every nation by spending a day or two in port or in the interior. He tells of the women of Angola that they assemble on the mountain tops at the appearance of the new moon and go through some strange exercises of idolatrous worship; that the men are cannibals—preferring rather to devour their friends than their enemies, and "have shambles of men and women's flesh joynted and cut in several morsels, and some, weary of life, voluntarily proffer themselves unto the butchers, who are accordingly killed and eaten." The book is well illustrated for so ancient a specimen, with copper plate engravings. The pictures partake of the romancing ways of the old traveler and give some odd views of sharks, penguins, flying fish and boobies, to say nothing of landscapes, wild and domestic animals and human beings.

An interesting chapter in the book is a discourse to prove that Madoc ap Owen Gwynedd, a Welch prince, discovered America. The account makes out that he sailed A. D. 1170 and landed in the Gulf of Mexico, not far from the Florida peninsula. He left as a colony 120 Welshmen and went back for more, and returned with ten barks, but was never heard of again. The proof alleged is certain Welsh legends and the identity of many Indian names of places with words of Cimbrian speech.—Detroit Free Press.

An Old English Primer.

The one in the British museum was found a quarter of a century ago in a deep closet, built in the thick walls of an old farm house in Derbyshire. It is said that a laborer, engaged in pulling down the walls of the ancient house, recognized it as that from which his father had been taught to read. Upon the back is a picture of Charles I on horseback, giving some approximation to its date.

It is a single leaf, containing upon the front side the alphabet, large and small, in old English and Roman letters, ten short columns of monysyllables founded on the vowels, and the Lord's Prayer; all set in a frame of oak, now black with age, and protected by a slice of transparent horn, hence the name horn book. There is a handle by which to hold it, and in the handle a hole for a string, so it could hang from the girdle. A picture of 1720 represents a child running in leading strings, with a horn book tied to her side.

A cheaper kind of horn book had the leaf of printed paper pasted upon the horn, and perhaps the greater number were made in this way. If so, it is not singular they should be scarce, for they would be very easily destroyed.—Christian at Work.

Manufacturing Spurious Antiquities.

The Swiss archæological journal, Antiqua, states that several manufactories of spurious antiquities have recently been established in the Alpine valleys, in the hopes, perhaps, of large profits from American tourists. "In the little town of Concise, on the lake of Neufchatel, is a flourishing establishment for the production of relics of the lake dwellers, who, in pre-historic times, lived in huts built on piles over the waters of most of the Swiss lakes. Near Schaffhausen is said to be another factory, where bones are engraved with outline representations of reindeer, bears, foxes and so on, and sold as genuine relics of the cave dwellers, who really scratched such images on bones many thousand years ago, when the reindeer inhabited the south of Europe. In still another place near the Lake of Neufchatel is a factory of relics of the stone and bronze ages, consisting of stone bracelets, bone bits for horses, bronze knives and ornaments and other objects, which are, when finished, sent to the bric a brac shops at Berne and elsewhere for sale."—New York Tribune.

Various Diamond Swindles.

The blue diamond, aniline diamond, or wash diamond swindle, as it was variously called, was invented a few years ago. It is applied to off colored and slightly yellow diamonds; these, if painted on the back with a dilute solution of aniline and alcohol, will lose their yellow color and appear either perfectly white or a brilliant blue white. This steel blue tint cannot be removed by ordinary washing; alcohol or some other solvent is required to do this, and if such a diamond thus treated is mounted in a water tight or closed box setting it will pass for a long time undetected. The first illustrious discover in this field received six months' imprisonment in Paris for his reward.—George F. Kunz.

One Good Way.

An exchange has an article headed, "How to Make a Japanese Fan." One good way would be to dress a Japanese in a buffalo robe, put a mustard plaster on his scalp, and then stand him over the register.—Somerville Journal.

Native Vegetable Products.

In visits to nearly forty tribes of American Indians, Dr. J. S. Newberry has found twenty-three kinds of native vegetable products included in the Indian dietary, besides a great variety of nuts and vegetables.—Arkansaw Traveler.

Results of Hypnotism.

A professor of hypnotism at Carlsruhe, Germany, put a young man to sleep by mesmerizing him. The patient remained in a coma for eighteen hours, and was afterward attacked by a fit of violent madness. The hypnotizer has been fined by the authorities and condemned to two weeks' imprisonment. —New York Evening World.

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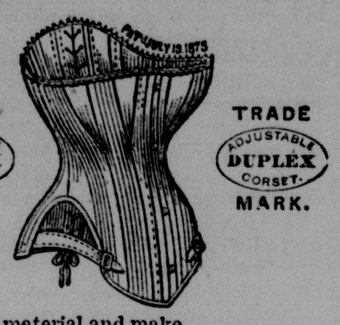
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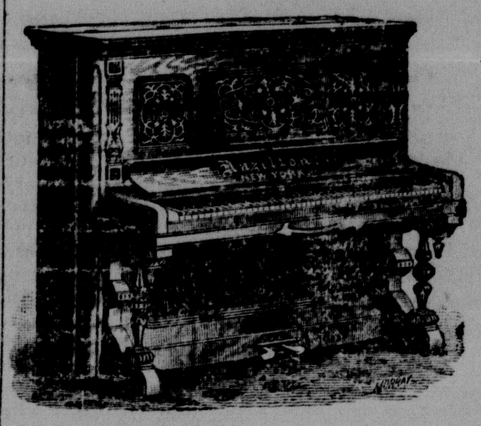
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